

On Multi-Domain Long-Tailed Recognition, Imbalanced Domain Generalization and Beyond

Yuzhe Yang MIT Hao Wang Rutgers University Dina Katabi MIT

ECCV2022

Introduce

Multi-Domain Long-Tailed Recognition (MDLT): learning from multi-domain imbalanced data, with each domain having its own imbalanced label distribution, and generalizing to a test set that is balanced over all domain-class pairs.



- the label distribution for each domain is likely different from other domains
- multi-domain data inherently involves domain shift
- MDLT motivates zero-shot generalization within and across domains

Domain-Class Transferability Graph

label space: $C = \{1, \dots, C\}$ \longrightarrow domain-class pair : (d, c)domain space: $\mathcal{D} = \{1, \dots, D\}$ the set of all domain-class pairs:training set: $\mathcal{S} = \{(\mathbf{x}_i, c_i, d_i)\}_{i=1}^N$ $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{D} \times \mathcal{C} := \{(d, c) : d \in \mathcal{D}, c \in \mathcal{C}\}$

Definition 1 (Transferability). Given a learned model and a distance function $d : \mathbb{R}^h \times \mathbb{R}^h \to \mathbb{R}$ in the feature space, the transferability from domain-class pair (d, c) to (d', c') is:

trans
$$((d, c), (d', c')) \triangleq \mathbb{E}_{\mathbf{z} \in \mathcal{Z}_{d,c}} [\mathsf{d} (\mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d',c'})],$$

where $\boldsymbol{\mu}_{d',c'} \triangleq \mathbb{E}_{\mathbf{z}' \in \mathcal{Z}_{d',c'}}[\mathbf{z}']$ is the first order statistics (i.e., mean) of (d',c').

Definition 2 (Transferability Graph). The transferability graph for a learned model is defined as $\mathcal{G} = (\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{E})$, where the vertices, $\mathcal{V} \subseteq {\{\mu_{d,c}\}}$, represents the domain-class pairs, and the edges, $\mathcal{E} \subseteq \mathcal{V} \times \mathcal{V}$, are assigned weights equal to trans ((d, c), (d', c')).

Domain-Class Transferability Graph



Definition 3 ((α, β, γ) Transferability Statistics). The transferability graph can be summarized by the following transferability statistics:

Different domains, same class: Same domain, different classes: Different domains, different classes:

$$\alpha = \mathbb{E}_{c} \mathbb{E}_{d} \mathbb{E}_{d' \neq d} \left[\operatorname{trans} \left((d, c), (d', c) \right) \right].$$

$$\beta = \mathbb{E}_{d} \mathbb{E}_{c} \mathbb{E}_{c' \neq c} \left[\operatorname{trans} \left((d, c), (d, c') \right) \right].$$

$$\gamma = \mathbb{E}_{d} \mathbb{E}_{d' \neq d} \mathbb{E}_{c} \mathbb{E}_{c' \neq c} \left[\operatorname{trans} \left((d, c), (d', c') \right) \right].$$

Transferability Statistics



- When the per-domain label distributions are balanced and identical across domains, it does not prohibit the model from learning discriminative features of high accuracy.
- If the label distributions are imbalanced but identical, ERM is still able to align similar classes in the two domains.
- When the labels are both imbalanced and mismatched across domains, the learned features are no longer transferable.



Transferability Statistics

train 20 ERM models with varying hyperparameters



The (α , $\,\beta$, $\,\gamma$) statistics can characterize a model's performance in MDLT

Data imbalance increases the risk of learning less transferable features

BoDA



Balanced Domain-Class Distribution Alignment (BoDA):

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{BoDA}}(\mathcal{Z}, \{\boldsymbol{\mu}\}) = \sum_{\mathbf{z}_i \in \mathcal{Z}} \frac{-1}{|\mathcal{D}| - 1} \sum_{d \in \mathcal{D} \setminus \{d_i\}} \log \frac{\exp\left(-\widetilde{\mathsf{d}}(\mathbf{z}_i, \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d, c_i})\right)}{\sum_{(d', c') \in \mathcal{M} \setminus \{(d_i, c_i)\}} \exp\left(-\widetilde{\mathsf{d}}(\mathbf{z}_i, \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d', c'})\right)}, \quad \widetilde{\mathsf{d}}(\mathbf{z}_i, \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d, c}) = \frac{\mathsf{d}(\mathbf{z}_i, \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d, c})}{N_{d_i, c_i}}$$

Theorem 1 (\mathcal{L}_{BoDA} as an Upper Bound). Given a multi-domain long-tailed dataset S with domain label space \mathcal{D} and class label space \mathcal{C} satisfying $|\mathcal{D}| > 1$ and $|\mathcal{C}| > 1$, let \mathcal{Z} be the representation set of all training samples, and (α, β, γ) be the transferability statistics for S defined in Definition 3. It holds that

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{BoDA}}(\mathcal{Z}, \{\boldsymbol{\mu}\}) \ge N \log \left(|\mathcal{D}| - 1 + |\mathcal{D}|(|\mathcal{C}| - 1) \exp \left(\frac{|\mathcal{C}||\mathcal{D}|}{N} \cdot \alpha - \frac{|\mathcal{C}|}{N} \cdot \beta - \frac{|\mathcal{C}|(|\mathcal{D}| - 1)}{N} \cdot \gamma \right) \right).$$
(3)

BoDA



BoDA

Algorithm 1 Balanced Domain-Class Distribution Alignment (BoDA) Input: Training set $\mathcal{D} = \{(\mathbf{x}_i, c_i, d_i)\}_{i=1}^N$, all domain-class pairs $\mathcal{M} = \{(d, c)\}$, encoder f, classifier g, total training epochs E, calibration parameter ν , loss weight ω , momentum α for all $(d, c) \in \mathcal{M}$ do Initialize the feature statistics $\{\mu_{d,c}^{(0)}, \Sigma_{d,c}^{(0)}\}$ end for for e = 0 to E do repeat Sample a mini-batch $\{(\mathbf{x}_i, c_i, d_i)\}_{i=1}^m$ from \mathcal{D} for i = 1 to m (in parallel) do $\mathbf{z}_i = f(\mathbf{x}_i)$ $\widehat{c}_i = g(\mathbf{z}_i)$ end for Calculate $\widetilde{\mathcal{L}}_{BoDA}$ using $\{\mathbf{z}_i\}$ based on Eqn. (4) Calculate \mathcal{L}_{CE} using $\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \mathcal{L}(\widehat{c}_i, c_i)$ Do one training step with loss $\mathcal{L}_{CE} + \omega \tilde{\mathcal{L}}_{BoDA}$ until iterate over all training samples at current epoch e/* Update feature statistics with momentum updating */ for all $(d,c) \in \mathcal{M}$ do Estimate current feature statistics $\{\mu_{d,c}, \Sigma_{d,c}\}$ $\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c}^{(e+1)} &\leftarrow \alpha \times \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c}^{(e)} + (1-\alpha) \times \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c} \\ \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{d,c}^{(e+1)} &\leftarrow \alpha \times \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{d,c}^{(e)} + (1-\alpha) \times \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{d,c} \\ \text{end for} \end{aligned}$ end for

$$\widetilde{\mathcal{L}}_{\texttt{BoDA}} \quad \mathsf{d}(\mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c}) = \sqrt{(\mathbf{z} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c})^\top (\mathbf{z} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c})}$$

$$\widetilde{\mathcal{L}}_{ ext{Boda-m}} \;\; \mathsf{d}(\mathbf{z}, \{ oldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c}, oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{d,c}\}) = \sqrt{(\mathbf{z} - oldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c})^{ op} oldsymbol{\Sigma}_{d,c}^{-1} (\mathbf{z} - oldsymbol{\mu}_{d,c})}$$

 $BoDA_r$

couple representation and classifier learning

 $BoDA_{r,c}$

decouple representation from classifier learning



Figure 6: Overview of training set label distribution for five MDLT datasets. We set up MDLT benchmarks from datasets traditionally used for DG, and make validation/test sets balanced across all domain-class pairs. More details are provided in Appendix D.

Table 2: Results on VLCS-MLT.

	Accuracy	(by domain)	Accuracy (by shot)				
Algorithm	Average	Worst	Many	Medium	Few	Zero	
ERM [46]	76.3 ± 0.4	53.6 ± 1.1	84.6 ± 0.5	76.6 ± 0.4		32.9 ±0.4	
IRM [1]	76.5 ± 0.2	52.3 ± 0.7	85.3 ± 0.6	75.5 ± 1.0	8 <u>—</u> 8	33.5 ± 1.0	
GroupDRO [40]	76.7 ±0.4	54.1 ± 1.3	85.3 ± 0.9	76.2 ± 1.0	()	34.5 ± 2.0	
Mixup [50]	75.9 ± 0.1	52.7 ± 1.3	84.4 ± 0.2	77.1 ± 0.6	-	29.2 ± 1.4	
MLDG [28]	76.9 ± 0.2	53.6 ± 0.5	84.9 ± 0.3	77.5 ± 1.0	2_3	34.4 ± 0.9	
CORAL [45]	75.9 ± 0.5	51.6 ± 0.7	84.3 ± 0.6	75.5 ± 0.5	(-)	34.5 ± 0.8	
MMD [29]	76.3 ± 0.6	53.4 ± 0.3	84.5 ± 0.8	77.1 ± 0.5	s - 3	32.7 ±0.3	
DANN [15]	77.5 ±0.1	54.1 ± 0.3	$85.9{\scriptstyle~\pm 0.5}$	76.0 ± 0.4	2 <u>-</u> 2	38.0 ± 2.3	
CDANN [31]	76.6 ± 0.4	53.6 ± 0.4	84.4 ± 0.7	77.3 ± 0.8	(: -)	35.0 ± 0.8	
MTL [4]	76.3 ± 0.3	52.9 ± 0.5	84.8 ± 0.9	76.2 ± 0.6		33.3 ± 1.4	
SagNet [35]	76.3 ± 0.2	52.3 ± 0.2	85.3 ± 0.3	75.1 ± 0.2	3 <u>—</u> 3	32.9 ± 0.3	
Fish [42]	77.5 ± 0.3	54.3 ± 0.4	86.2 ± 0.5	76.0 ± 0.4	(35.6 ± 2.2	
Focal [32]	75.6 ± 0.4	52.3 ± 0.2	84.0 ± 0.2	75.5 ± 0.6	-	32.7 ±0.9	
CBLoss [10]	76.8 ± 0.3	52.5 ± 0.5	84.8 ± 0.7	77.5 ± 1.4	223	33.2 ± 1.6	
LDAM [6]	77.5 ± 0.1	52.9 ± 0.2	86.5 ± 0.4	75.5 ± 0.5	-	35.2 ± 0.6	
BSoftmax [39]	76.7 ± 0.5	52.9 ± 0.9	84.4 ± 0.9	78.2 ± 0.6	5-5	34.3 ± 0.9	
SSP [52]	76.1 ± 0.3	52.3 ± 1.0	83.8 ± 0.3	76.0 ± 1.2	<u> </u>	37.1 ± 0.7	
CRT [23]	76.3 ± 0.2	51.4 ± 0.3	84.5 ± 0.1	77.3 ± 0.0	8 — 8	31.7 ± 1.0	
BoDAr	76.9 ± 0.5	51.4 ± 0.3	85.3 ± 0.3	77.3 ± 0.2	-	33.3 ± 0.5	
$BoDA-M_r$	77.5 ± 0.3	53.4 ± 0.3	85.8 ± 0.2	77.3 ± 0.2	$\sim - 1$	35.7 ± 0.7	
BoDA _{r.c}	77.3 ± 0.2	53.4 ± 0.3	85.3 ± 0.3	78.0 ± 0.2	-	38.6 ± 0.7	
BoDA-M _{r,c}	$\textbf{78.2} \pm 0.4$	55.4 ± 0.5	$85.3\ {\pm}0.3$	$\textbf{79.3} \pm 0.6$	-	$\textbf{43.3} \pm 1.1$	
BoDA vs. ERM	+1.9	+1.8	+0.7	+2.7	-	+10.4	

Table 3: Results on PACS-MLT.

	Accuracy	(by domain)	Accuracy (by shot)				
Algorithm	Average	Worst	Many	Medium	Few	Zero	
ERM [46]	97.1 ± 0.1	95.8 ± 0.2	97.1 ±0.0	97.0 ±0.0	98.0 ± 0.9	-	
IRM [1]	96.7 ± 0.2	95.2 ± 0.4	96.8 ± 0.2	96.7 ± 0.7	94.7 ± 1.4	-	
GroupDRO [40]	97.0 ± 0.1	95.3 ± 0.4	97.3 ± 0.1	95.3 ± 1.2	94.7 ± 3.6	-	
Mixup [50]	96.7 ± 0.2	95.1 ± 0.2	97.0 ±0.1	96.7 ± 0.3	91.3 ± 2.7	-	
MLDG [28]	96.6 ± 0.1	94.1 ± 0.3	96.8 ± 0.1	96.3 ± 0.7	92.7 ± 0.5	-	
CORAL [45]	96.6 ± 0.5	94.3 ± 0.7	96.6 ± 0.5	97.0 ± 0.8	94.7 ± 0.5	100	
MMD [29]	96.9 ± 0.1	96.2 ± 0.2	96.9 ± 0.2	97.0 ± 0.0	96.7 ± 0.5	-	
DANN [15]	96.5 ± 0.0	94.3 ± 0.1	96.5 ± 0.1	98.0 ± 0.0	94.7 ± 2.4	1	
CDANN [31]	96.1 ± 0.1	94.5 ± 0.2	96.1 ± 0.1	96.3 ± 0.5	94.0 ± 0.9		
MTL [4]	96.7 ± 0.2	94.5 ± 0.6	96.8 ±0.1	95.3 ± 1.7	97.3 ± 1.1	-	
SagNet [35]	97.2 ±0.1	95.2 ± 0.3	97.4 ± 0.1	96.7 ± 0.5	95.3 ± 0.5	-	
Fish [42]	96.9 ± 0.2	95.2 ± 0.2	97.0 ±0.1	97.0 ± 0.5	94.7 ± 1.1	-	
Focal [32]	96.5 ± 0.2	94.6 ± 0.7	96.6 ±0.1	95.0 ± 1.7	96.7 ± 0.5		
CBLoss [10]	96.9 ± 0.1	95.1 ± 0.4	96.8 ± 0.2	97.0 ± 1.2	100.0 ±0.0	-	
LDAM [6]	96.5 ± 0.2	94.7 ± 0.2	96.6 ±0.1	95.7 ± 1.4	96.0 ± 0.0	-	
BSoftmax [39]	96.9 ± 0.3	95.6 ± 0.3	96.6 ± 0.4	98.7 ±0.7	99.3 ± 0.5		
SSP [52]	96.9 ± 0.2	95.4 ± 0.4	96.7 ± 0.2	98.3 ± 0.5	98.0 ± 0.9	-	
CRT [23]	96.3 ± 0.1	94.9 ± 0.1	96.3 ± 0.1	97.3 ± 0.3	94.0 ± 0.9	3,222	
BoDAr	97.0 ±0.1	95.1 ± 0.4	97.0 ±0.1	96.3 ± 0.5	98.0 ± 0.9		
BoDA-Mr	97.1 ± 0.1	94.9 ± 0.1	97.3 ± 0.1	96.3 ± 0.5	96.0 ± 0.0	-	
BoDAr.c	97.2 ±0.1	95.7 ± 0.3	97.4 ±0.1	97.0 ±0.0	94.7 ± 1.1	<u> </u>	
$\operatorname{BoDA-M}_{r,c}$	97.1 ± 0.2	96.3 ±0.1	97.1 ± 0.0	97.0 ± 0.8	96.0 ± 0.0	-	
BoDA vs. ERM	+0.1	+0.5	+0.3	+0.0	-2.0	-	

Table 4: Results on OfficeHome-MLT.

	Accuracy	(by domain)	Accuracy (by shot)				
Algorithm	Average	Worst	Many	Medium	Few	Zero	
ERM [46]	80.7 ± 0.0	71.3 ± 0.1	87.8 ± 0.2	81.0 ± 0.2	63.1 ± 0.1	63.3 ±7.2	
IRM [1]	80.6 ± 0.4	70.7 ± 0.2	87.6 ± 0.4	81.5 ± 0.4	61.1 ± 0.9	56.7 ± 1.4	
GroupDRO [40]	80.1 ± 0.3	68.7 ±0.9	88.1 ± 0.2	80.8 ± 0.4	59.8 ± 1.2	51.7 ± 3.6	
Mixup [50]	81.2 ± 0.2	72.3 ± 0.6	87.9 ± 0.4	81.8 ± 0.1	64.1 ± 0.4	60.0 ± 4.1	
MLDG [28]	80.4 ± 0.2	70.2 ± 0.6	87.1 ± 0.1	81.3 ± 0.3	61.3 ± 1.0	61.7 ± 1.4	
CORAL [45]	81.9 ± 0.1	72.7 ± 0.6	87.9 ± 0.1	83.0 ± 0.1	63.5 ± 0.7	65.0 ± 2.4	
MMD [29]	78.4 ± 0.4	67.7 ± 0.8	85.2 ± 0.2	79.4 ± 0.7	58.8 ± 0.4	56.7 ± 3.6	
DANN [15]	79.2 ± 0.2	70.2 ± 0.9	86.2 ± 0.1	80.0 ± 0.1	60.3 ± 1.1	61.7 ±5.9	
CDANN [31]	79.0 ± 0.2	69.4 ±0.3	86.4 ± 0.6	79.8 ±0.1	58.9 ± 0.8	50.0 ±4.7	
MTL [4]	79.5 ± 0.2	69.8 ±0.6	87.3 ± 0.3	79.8 ±0.2	61.1 ± 0.2	51.7 ± 2.7	
SagNet [35]	80.9 ± 0.1	70.5 ± 0.5	87.8 ± 0.4	81.9 ± 0.1	61.2 ± 0.9	56.7 ± 3.6	
Fish [42]	81.3 ± 0.3	71.3 ± 0.7	88.2 ±0.2	81.9 ± 0.3	63.2 ± 0.8	61.7 ± 1.4	
Focal [32]	77.9 ± 0.0	67.6 ±0.4	86.5 ± 0.3	78.3 ± 0.1	57.4 ±0.3	46.7 ±3.6	
CBLoss [10]	79.8 ± 0.2	69.5 ±0.7	86.6 ±0.4	80.6 ± 0.2	61.1 ± 1.4	65.0 ± 2.4	
LDAM [6]	80.3 ± 0.2	69.9 ±0.5	87.1 ± 0.2	81.3 ± 0.3	61.1 ± 0.2	51.7 ± 2.7	
BSoftmax [39]	80.4 ± 0.2	70.9 ±0.5	86.7 ± 0.5	81.3 ± 0.3	62.4 ± 1.0	60.0 ± 4.1	
SSP [52]	81.1 ± 0.3	71.1 ± 0.3	87.3 ± 0.6	82.3 ± 0.3	61.6 ± 0.7	63.3 ± 1.4	
CRT [23]	81.2 ± 0.0	72.5 ± 0.2	87.7 ±0.1	81.8 ± 0.1	64.0 ± 0.1	65.0 ± 2.4	
BoDAr	81.5 ± 0.1	71.8 ±0.1	87.7 ±0.2	82.3 ± 0.1	64.2 ±0.3	63.3 ± 1.4	
BoDA-Mr	81.9 ± 0.2	71.6 ±0.2	87.3 ± 0.3	83.4 ± 0.2	62.3 ± 0.3	65.0 ± 2.4	
BoDArc	82.3 ± 0.1	72.3 ± 0.3	87.1 ± 0.2	83.9 ±0.3	63.2 ± 0.2	65.0 ± 2.4	
BoDA-M _{r,c}	$\textbf{82.4} \pm 0.2$	72.3 ± 0.3	$87.7 \ \pm 0.1$	83.9 ±0.6	64.2 ±0.3	66.7 ±2.7	
BoDA vs. ERM	+1.7	+1.0	-0.1	+2.9	+1.1	+3.4	

Table 5: Results on TerraInc-MLT.

	Accuracy	(by domain)	Accuracy (by shot)				
Algorithm	Average	Worst	Many	Medium	Few	Zero	
ERM [46]	75.3 ± 0.3	67.4 ±0.3	85.6 ± 0.8	69.6 ± 3.2	66.1 ±2.4	14.4 ± 2.8	
IRM [1]	73.3 ± 0.7	64.3 ±1.3	83.5 ± 0.6	70.0 ± 1.8	58.3 ± 3.4	20.1 ± 1.4	
GroupDRO [40]	72.0 ± 0.4	66.6 ±0.2	84.7 ± 1.1	64.6 ± 4.7	38.9 ± 1.2	13.5 ± 1.1	
Mixup [50]	71.1 ± 0.7	60.4 ± 1.1	83.2 ± 0.7	60.0 ± 0.6	56.1 ±3.0	12.2 ± 2.1	
MLDG [28]	76.6 ± 0.2	66.9 ± 0.5	86.1 ± 0.6	73.8 ± 3.9	70.6 ±3.7	18.8 ± 2.4	
CORAL [45]	76.4 ± 0.5	67.8 ±0.9	86.3 ± 0.3	77.5 ± 3.1	66.1 ±2.0	11.0 ± 1.4	
MMD [29]	73.3 ± 0.4	63.7 ± 1.1	84.0 ± 0.4	67.9 ± 2.7	60.6 ±1.6	13.6 ± 2.6	
DANN [15]	68.7 ± 0.9	61.1 ± 1.0	79.6 ± 1.2	62.5 ± 8.1	48.9 ± 2.8	13.3 ± 1.1	
CDANN [31]	70.3 ± 0.5	63.9 ±1.0	83.5 ± 0.8	50.0 ± 4.2	43.9 ± 4.7	20.4 ± 3.1	
MTL [4]	75.0 ± 0.7	67.7 ±1.4	85.2 ± 0.7	73.8 ± 1.6	61.1 ±2.8	12.4 ± 4.0	
SagNet [35]	75.1 ± 1.6	66.5 ± 2.1	85.5 ± 0.9	77.1 ± 5.0	57.8 ±4.3	13.0 ± 3.4	
Fish [42]	75.3 ± 0.5	66.3 ± 0.5	85.8 ± 0.2	73.3 ± 3.9	61.1 ± 3.0	13.7 ± 3.3	
Focal [32]	75.7 ±0.4	65.3 ± 1.1	85.7 ± 0.3	76.2 ± 3.9	68.9 ±3.2	12.6 ± 1.9	
CBLoss [10]	78.0 ± 0.4	68.3 ± 2.0	85.0 ± 0.1	89.2 ± 1.2	83.9 ± 2.5	9.3 ± 3.9	
LDAM [6]	74.7 ± 0.9	64.1 ± 1.4	85.1 ± 0.6	70.8 ± 3.5	67.8 ±1.2	11.1 ± 2.4	
BSoftmax [39]	76.7 ± 1.0	65.6 ±1.3	83.4 ± 0.8	90.8 ± 0.9	78.3 ±3.9	12.6 ± 2.4	
SSP [52]	78.5 ± 0.7	67.3 ±0.4	85.5 ± 1.0	87.8 ± 0.9	82.6 ±1.2	13.2 ± 2.8	
CRT [23]	81.6 ± 0.1	70.0 ± 0.4	89.7 ±0.2	90.4 ± 0.3	83.9 ± 0.5	12.9 ± 0.0	
BoDA _r	78.6 ± 0.4	68.5 ±0.3	86.4 ± 0.1	85.0 ± 1.0	80.0 ±0.9	13.7 ± 2.1	
BoDA-Mr	79.4 ± 0.6	71.3 ± 0.4	88.4 ± 0.3	76.2 ± 2.7	88.3 ± 1.6	14.4 ± 1.4	
BoDA _{r.c}	82.3 ± 0.3	68.5 ± 0.6	89.2 ± 0.2	92.5 ±0.9	88.3 ±1.2	21.3 ± 0.7	
$BoDA-M_{r,c}$	$\textbf{83.0} \pm 0.4$	74.6 ±0.7	89.2 ± 0.2	91.2 ± 0.6	91.7 ±2.0	21.7 ±1.4	
BoDA vs. ERM	+7.7	+7.2	+3.6	+22.9	+25.6	+7.3	

Table 6: Results on DomainNet-MLT.

	Accuracy	(by domain)	Accuracy (by shot)					
Algorithm	Average	Worst	Many	Medium	Few	Zero		
ERM [46]	58.6 ± 0.2	29.4 ± 0.3	66.0 ± 0.1	56.1 ± 0.1	35.9 ± 0.5	27.6 ± 0.3		
IRM [1]	57.1 ± 0.1	27.6 ± 0.1	64.7 ± 0.1	54.3 ± 0.3	33.5 ± 0.3	25.8 ± 0.3		
GroupDRO [40]	53.6 ± 0.1	25.9 ± 0.2	61.8 ± 0.1	49.1 ±0.3	30.7 ± 0.7	22.0 ± 0.1		
Mixup [50]	57.6 ± 0.1	28.7 ± 0.0	64.9 ± 0.2	54.5 ± 0.1	35.6 ± 0.2	27.3 ± 0.3		
MLDG [28]	58.5 ± 0.0	28.7 ± 0.1	66.0 ± 0.1	55.7 ± 0.1	35.3 ± 0.2	26.9 ± 0.3		
CORAL [45]	59.4 ± 0.1	30.1 ± 0.4	66.4 ± 0.1	57.1 ±0.0	37.7 ± 0.6	29.9 ± 0.2		
MMD [29]	56.7 ± 0.0	27.2 ± 0.2	64.2 ± 0.1	54.0 ± 0.0	33.9 ± 0.2	25.4 ± 0.2		
DANN [15]	55.8 ± 0.1	26.9 ± 0.4	63.0 ± 0.1	52.7 ± 0.1	34.2 ± 0.4	26.8 ± 0.4		
CDANN [31]	56.0 ± 0.1	27.7 ± 0.1	63.2 ± 0.0	52.7 ± 0.2	34.3 ± 0.5	27.6 ± 0.1		
MTL [4]	58.6 ± 0.1	29.3 ± 0.2	65.9 ± 0.1	56.0 ± 0.4	35.4 ± 0.1	28.2 ± 0.3		
SagNet [35]	58.9 ± 0.0	29.4 ± 0.2	66.3 ± 0.1	56.4 ±0.0	36.2 ± 0.3	27.2 ± 0.4		
Fish [42]	59.6 ± 0.1	29.1 ± 0.1	67.1 ± 0.1	57.2 ± 0.1	36.8 ± 0.4	27.8 ± 0.3		
Focal [32]	57.8 ± 0.2	27.5 ± 0.1	65.2 ± 0.2	55.1 ± 0.2	35.8 ± 0.1	26.3 ± 0.1		
CBLoss [10]	58.9 ± 0.1	30.1 ± 0.1	64.3 ± 0.0	61.0 ± 0.3	42.5 ± 0.4	28.1 ± 0.2		
LDAM [6]	59.2 ± 0.0	29.2 ± 0.2	66.6 ± 0.0	57.0 ±0.0	37.1 ± 0.2	27.8 ± 0.3		
BSoftmax [39]	58.9 ± 0.1	29.9 ± 0.1	64.3 ± 0.1	60.9 ± 0.3	42.4 ± 0.6	28.2 ± 0.1		
SSP [52]	59.7 ± 0.0	31.6 ± 0.2	64.3 ± 0.1	62.6 ± 0.1	45.0 ±0.3	30.5 ± 0.0		
CRT [23]	60.4 ± 0.2	31.6 ± 0.1	66.8 ± 0.0	61.6 ± 0.1	45.7 ± 0.1	29.7 ± 0.1		
BoDA	60.1 ± 0.2	32.6 ± 0.1	65.7 ± 0.2	60.6 ± 0.1	42.6 ± 0.3	30.5 ± 0.2		
BoDA-Mr	60.1 ± 0.2	32.2 ± 0.2	65.9 ± 0.2	60.7 ± 0.1	42.9 ± 0.3	30.0 ± 0.1		
BoDA _{r.c}	61.7 ±0.1	33.4 ±0.1	67.0 ±0.1	62.7 ± 0.1	46.0 ± 0.2	32.2 ±0.3		
$BoDA-M_{r,c}$	61.7 ±0.2	33.3 ± 0.1	67.0 ±0.1	63.0 ±0.3	46.6 ±0.4	$31.8~{\pm}0.2$		
BoDA vs. ERM	+3.1	+4.0	+1.0	+6.9	+10.7	+4.6		

Table 7: Results over all MDLT benchmarks.

Algorithm	VLCS-MLT	PACS-MLT	OfficeHome-MLT	TerraInc-MLT	DomainNet-MLT	Avg
ERM [46]	76.3 ±0.4	97.1 ± 0.1	80.7 ±0.0	75.3 ± 0.3	58.6 ±0.2	77.6
IRM [1]	76.5 ± 0.2	96.7 ± 0.2	80.6 ± 0.4	73.3 ± 0.7	57.1 ±0.1	76.8
GroupDRO [40]	76.7 ± 0.4	97.0 ± 0.1	80.1 ± 0.3	72.0 ± 0.4	53.6 ± 0.1	75.9
Mixup [50]	75.9 ± 0.1	96.7 ± 0.2	81.2 ± 0.2	71.1 ± 0.7	57.6 ± 0.1	76.5
MLDG [28]	76.9 ± 0.2	96.6 ± 0.1	80.4 ± 0.2	76.6 ±0.2	58.5 ± 0.0	77.8
CORAL [45]	75.9 ± 0.5	96.6 ± 0.5	81.9 ± 0.1	76.4 ± 0.5	59.4 ± 0.1	78.0
MMD [29]	76.3 ± 0.6	96.9 ± 0.1	78.4 ± 0.4	73.3 ± 0.4	56.7 ± 0.0	76.3
DANN [15]	77.5 ±0.1	96.5 ± 0.0	79.2 ± 0.2	68.7 ± 0.9	55.8 ± 0.1	75.5
CDANN [31]	76.6 ± 0.4	96.1 ± 0.1	79.0 ± 0.2	70.3 ± 0.5	56.0 ± 0.1	75.6
MTL [4]	76.3 ± 0.3	96.7 ± 0.2	79.5 ± 0.2	75.0 ± 0.7	58.6 ± 0.1	77.2
SagNet [35]	76.3 ± 0.2	97.2 ± 0.1	80.9 ± 0.1	75.1 ± 1.6	58.9 ± 0.0	77.7
Fish [42]	77.5 ± 0.3	96.9 ± 0.2	81.3 ± 0.3	75.3 ± 0.5	59.6 ± 0.1	78.1
Focal [32]	75.6 ± 0.4	96.5 ± 0.2	77.9 ± 0.0	75.7 ± 0.4	57.8 ± 0.2	76.7
CBLoss [10]	76.8 ± 0.3	96.9 ± 0.1	79.8 ± 0.2	78.0 ± 0.4	58.9 ± 0.1	78.1
LDAM [6]	77.5 ± 0.1	96.5 ± 0.2	80.3 ± 0.2	74.7 ± 0.9	59.2 ± 0.0	77.7
BSoftmax [39]	76.7 ± 0.5	96.9 ± 0.3	80.4 ± 0.2	76.7 ± 1.0	58.9 ± 0.1	77.9
SSP [52]	76.1 ± 0.3	96.9 ± 0.2	81.1 ± 0.3	78.5 ± 0.7	59.7 ± 0.0	78.5
CRT [23]	76.3 ± 0.2	96.3 ± 0.1	81.2 ± 0.0	81.6 ± 0.1	60.4 ± 0.2	79.2
BoDAr	76.9 ± 0.5	97.0 ± 0.1	81.5 ± 0.1	78.6 ± 0.4	60.1 ±0.2	78.8
BoDA-Mr	77.5 ± 0.3	97.1 ± 0.1	81.9 ± 0.2	79.4 ± 0.6	60.1 ± 0.2	79.2
BoDA _{r,c}	$77.3 \ \pm 0.2$	$\textbf{97.2} \pm 0.1$	82.3 ± 0.1	82.3 ± 0.3	61.7 ±0.1	80.2
$\operatorname{BoDA-M}_{r,c}$	$\textbf{78.2} \pm 0.4$	$97.1 \ \pm 0.2$	82.4 ± 0.2	83.0 ±0.4	61.7 ±0.2	80.5
BoDA vs. ERM	+1.9	+0.1	+1.7	+7.7	+3.1	+2.9



Figure 7: The absolute accuracy improvements of BoDA *vs.* ERM over all domain-class pairs on OfficeHome-MLT. BoDA establishes large improvements w.r.t. all regions, especially for the few-shot and zero-shot ones. Results for other datasets are in Appendix H.2.

	VLCS-MLT	PACS-MLT	OfficeHome-MLT	TerraInc-MLT	DomainNet-MLT	Avg
DA BoDA	$\begin{array}{c} 76.6 \ \pm 0.4 \\ \textbf{77.3} \ \pm 0.2 \end{array}$	96.8 ± 0.2 97.2 ±0.1	80.7 ± 0.3 82.3 ±0.1	76.4 ± 0.5 82.3 ± 0.3	58.9 ± 0.2 61.7 ±0.1	77.9 80.2
Gains	+0.7	+0.4	+1.6	+5.9	+2.8	+2.3

Table 24: Ablation study on effect of adding balanced distance in BoDA.

Table 25: Ablation study on effect of distance calibration coefficient $\lambda_{d,c}^{d',c'}$ in BoDA. We vary the value of ν and report the averaged results over all five MDLT datasets.

ν	0	0.5	0.7	0.9	1	1.1	1.2	1.5	ERM
BoDA	78.9	80.1	80.0	80.2	80.1	79.8	79.6	79.2	77.6



Figure 8: BoDA analysis. (a) Label distribution setup. (b) Distance of feature mean between train and test data. BoDA enables better learned tail (d, c) with smaller feature discrepancy. (c) BoDA learns features that are more aligned across domains even in the presence of divergent labels, and significantly improves upon ERM by 9.5%.

Table 9: BoDA strengthens performance on Domain Generalization (DG) benchmarks. Full tables including detailed results for each DG dataset are provided in Appendix G.

Algorithm	VLCS	PACS	OfficeHome	TerraInc	DomainNet	Avg
ERM	77.5 ± 0.4	85.5 ±0.2	66.5 ±0.3	46.1 ± 1.8	40.9 ± 0.1	63.3
Current SOTA [45]	78.8 ± 0.6	86.2 ±0.3	68.7 ± 0.3	47.6 ± 1.0	41.5 ± 0.1	64.5
$\mathrm{BoDA}_{r,c}$	$78.5 \ \pm 0.3$	$\textbf{86.9} \pm 0.4$	69.3 ±0.1	50.2 ±0.4	42.7 ±0.1	65.5
$BoDA_{r,c}$ + Current SOTA [45]	79.1 ±0.1	87.9 ±0.5	69.9 ± 0.2	50.7 ± 0.6	43.5 ± 0.3	66.2
BoDA vs. ERM	+1.6	+2.4	+3.4	+4.6	+2.6	+2.9



Thank you